

SUBJECT : MTS, 336 Instrumentation and Measurements

CREDIT HOURS : 3-1

CONTACT HOURS : 6 Hours per Week

TEXT BOOKS:

1. **Process Control Instrumentation Technology** by Curtis D. Johnson
2. **Electric Drives and their Control** by R. M. Crowder

REFERENCE BOOKS: Any book on Process Control and Instrumentation.

MODE OF TEACHING: Lectures, Practicals and Demonstrations.

COURSE OBJECTIVES: One of the most daunting challenge in engineering education is to enable the students to integrate all they have learned – science, mathematics, engineering fundamentals – in the solution of a real-world engineering problems. Fundamentals of Industrial Controls and Instrumentation deal with the integrated and optimal design of a physical system, including sensors, actuators, electronic components, and the embedded digital control system. The integration is respect to both hardware components and information processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES: At the completion of the course the students will understand the following important concepts:

1. General understanding of instrumentation and measurement principles and terminologies.
2. Understand the operating principles of basic instrumentation circuits.
3. Comprehend various signal conditioning techniques: Analogue-to-digital and digital-to-analogue conversion.
4. Ability to undertake analogue-to-digital and digital-to-analogue conversion using microcontrollers/PCs.
5. Understand/use various sensors: Temperature, displacement & position, force, pressure, strain, vibration, velocity, flow rate.
6. Understand various types of actuators and use them practically.
7. Comprehend different experimental techniques: Impulse inputs, ramp inputs and sinusoidal & swept sine testing

TOPICS COVERED:

1. Introduction: Measurement terminologies (resolution, sensitivity, accuracy, precision & uncertainty)
2. The Industrial Control Environment

- a. Introduction to process control
- b. Control loop characteristics
3. Basic Instrumentation
 - a. Principles of different measurement techniques
 - b. Bridge circuits for measurement of resistance, inductance and capacitance
 - c. Microprocessor based instrumentation circuits.
4. Signal Conditioning
 - a. Analogue signal conditioning
 - b. Instrumentation amplifiers
 - c. Analogue filters
 - d. Analogue-to-Digital converters
 - e. Digital-to-Analogue converters
5. Sensors
 - a. Temperature measurement (Thermocouples, RTDs, Thermistors)
 - b. Displacement and Position measurement (Digital encoders, shaft encoders, absolute and relative encoders, linear encoders)
 - c. Sensors for force, pressure, strain, vibration, velocity, flow rates etc.
6. Actuators
 - a. Various types of electrical, pneumatic and hydraulic actuators
 - b. Brushless DC motors
 - c. Stepper motors and servos
7. Experimental Techniques
 - a. Impulse Inputs
 - b. Ramp Inputs
 - c. Sinusoidal testing and swept sine testing

List of Experiments

Week	Details
1-2	Lab 1: Introduction and overview to Software • Exp 1: Study Features of the software LabView • Exp 2: Integrating C codes with the LabView user interface • Q&A Session
3-4	Lab 2: Serial Communication • Exp 1: Communication between microcontroller card and PC • Exp 2: Communicating with microcontroller using LabView • Q&A Session

5-6	Lab 3: LabView Experiments • Exp 1: Using Digital I/O point status in LabView • Exp 2: Sending Digital commands through LabView • Q&A Session
7-8	Lab 4: Using D/A and A/D Converters • Exp 1: A/D conversion using microcontroller and PC • Exp 2: D/A conversion using microcontroller and PC • Q&A Session
9-10	Lab 5: Switches • Exp 1: Using Transistor as Switch • Exp 2: Using Opto-Coupler • Exp 3: Using IR Switch • Exp 4: Using Optical Switch • Q&A Session
11-12	Lab 6: Motor Control • Exp 1: Design Shaft Encoder • Exp 2: Speed and Direction Control of motor using H-Bridge • Q&A Session
13-14	Lab 7: Project 1 and Project 2 • Q&A Session